

# DISCOVERY CIRCUIT OF THE VILLAGE



- Tourist Office
- Town hall
- Local police
- Public toilets
- Public parking

- Shop
- Post office
- Associative café
- Restaurant
- Hotel
- Community hall
- Fountain
- Point of view
- Petanque field

**1** Tourist office: departure of the circuit. (Free guided tours from April to October on Wednesdays at 4 pm and in July-August at 6 pm).

**2** Orientation table: look at the most beautiful view of the Gulf of Saint-Tropez.

**3** Lei Barri ("the Walls" in provençal): walk along the ramparts of the 13th and 14th centuries.

**4** The private garden L'Hardy-De-nonain, listed as "Remarkable", is open to the public from April 30 to October 15, free entrance.

**5** Orientation table of the *Îles d'Or* ("Golden Islands"): discover the view of the islands of Port-Cros, Bagaud, Levant and the Cavalaire Bay.

**6** Place Hannibal de Châteauneuf is the heart of the new village (Marianne d'Or in 1994 and Philippe Rotherier prize). It was designed by François Spoerry, the architect who designed Port-Grimaud.

**7** Starting point of hiking trails (Boucles de l'Arlatane; Chemin de la Chapelle) and mini-stadium.

**8** **9** The Puits Saint-Jean-Baptiste (8) and the Puits Neuf (9) are traditional covered wells from Provence dating from the 17th century. They were dug about eight meters deep.

**10** The town hall was built in 1584 above the common oven. Since then, it has hosted village council meetings. It used to be schools.

**11** Rue de la Tasco ("Taxe street" in provençal) is the oldest street in the village. It shelters small typical and charming interior courtyards.

**12** La Porte des Sarrazins ("Saracen gate") was opened to allow entry into the medieval fort in the 14th century.

**13** Notre-Dame-de-l'Assomption church, completed in 1558, has a square bell tower which was once the watchtower.

**14** The Rue Longue ("Long Street") is lined with old doors, the oldest dates from 1422.

**15** The Androuno ("Little Street" in provençal) is the narrowest street in the world, 29 cm wide.

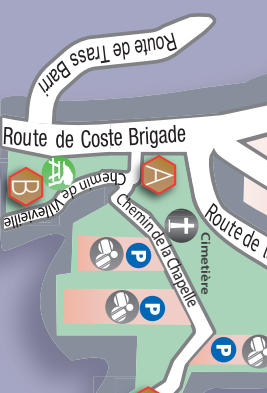
**16** The rues des Fabriques (Factory Street) and du Moulin à huile (Oil Mill Street) are reminiscent of the craft activity of the village.



## COUNTRY WALK

A. The enigmatic Saint-Joseph monument, erected in 1876 in the middle of the garrigue. It includes a sundial and bas-reliefs of the remarkable points of the village.

B. On the way to Villevielle are the ruins of the Brulat mill and a picnic area.



C. Notre-Dame-de-la-Consolation chapel (primitive parish church) from the 11th century.

D. Restored sheepfarm from the 18th century.

